Num. 4010

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, June 24, 1746.

From Wye's Letter, London, June 19.

WE hear it was Yesterday moved in the House of Commons, That an humble Address be presented to his Majesty, that he will be pleased to defer sending any of the British Troops on the Continent; which, after Debate, passed in the Negative, 108 against 12.

In a grand Committee went through the Bill with several Amendments, to be reported To-day, for granting to his Majesty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund for the Year 1746, and also enabling his Majesty to raise a further Sum of Money, for the Uses and Purposes therein mentioned.

To-day the Commons agreed to the Report of the Amendments made to the Sinking Fund Bill.

The Lords read a first Time a Bill for the more effectually preventing Ministers from officiating in Episcopal Meeting-houses in Scotland, without being duly qualified.

Several Men of War are ordered for Ireland, to convoy from thence the Ships lately arrived there from India for London.

From the NATIONAL JOURNAL, June 19.

Dusseldorp, June 21. The Austrian Troops that are marching towards the Low Countries, use incredible Diligence, in order to arrive there as early as possible; but it is observed, they do not enter any Part of the King of Prussia's Dominions, from whence we conjecture that a Passage has been demanded and refused. It must be owned that these Troops observe a very good Discipline, and that their Officers give Receipts in all Places, through which they pass, for whatever is furnished them, and promise that they shall be duly paid. Duke Charles of Lorrain is expected at Francfort in a Day or two, from whence he will go by Mentz to Coblentz, where it is thought he will arrive by the Beginning of next Month. We have a great deal of strange News here with respect to new Troubles, which it is feared will break out in Germany, but at present we suspect the Authorities of these from whom we receive them, so much, that we do not think it either necessary or proper to publish them.

LONDON, *June 19.*

'Tis expected that Sir John Legonier will soon set out for Holland, to command the English Forces in Flanders; his Baggage has been shipped some time.

A List of the Rebel Officers Prisoners on board the Transports arrived at Woolwich.

Marquis of Tullibardine, Colonel; Lieut. Colonels, Lord Macleod, and Sir James Kinloch; Colonels, Francis Farquharson, and Henry Ker; Majors, James Stuart, Alexander Malauchlan, and James Rattray; Captains, John Farquharson, Allan Cameron, John Campbell, Andrew Wood, Alexander Buchanan, Roderick Macculloch, Colin Mackenzie, Alexander Kinloch, and Charles Kinloch; Lieutenants, Roderick Mackenzie, William Mackenzie, Alexander Mackenzie, George Sinclair, Hector Campbell, and Thomas Watson; Ensigns, Duncan Gordon, Allan Stuart, Hector Mackenzie, James Stormont, James Moodie and General Hay; James Dods, Deputy Commissary; John Cairns, Clerk of the Stores; George Law and James Grant Chaplains; Sir John Wedderburn, Andrew Spreul, Alexander Grant Glenmorgan, James Lindsay, Alexander Cuming, Adam Hay, James Bradshaw, William Gibbon, Charles Faulkener, John Nisbet, Charles Allan, Charles Chalmers, Alexander Grant of Shoglie, James Grant of Lochleter, and the honourable William Murray, Esq; Volunteers; James Pinkerton, John Leitch, Alexander Law, jun. James Dras, and Patrick Cushnie, on Suspicion of treasonable Practices.

From the London Evening Post, June 19.

LONDON, *June 19.*

The following is a Translation of his Grace the Duke of Newcastle's Letter to M. Van Hoey.

SIR, *Whitehall, June 3, 1746.*

I Did not receive, 'till the Day before Yesterday, the Letter which your Excellency was pleased to honour me with, dated the 3d instant, N. S. inclosing one which the Marquis d'Argenson had wrote to you of the 26th of May.

I laid it immediately before the King, who was in the greatest Astonishment at the Contents of that Letter, which, as well in what relates to the Subject of it, as to the Manner of treating it, is so contrary to his Majesty's Honour, and to the Dignity of his Crown, that his Majesty cannot but consider himself as too much offended by it to make any Answer to it.

You know, Sir, (and so do the French Ministers) with how scrupulous an Exactness his Majesty has, on his Part, executed the Cartel agreed on between him and the most Christian King, in its utmost Extent, even to the releasing on their Parole all the Officers in the French Service, who were made Prisoners within the Limits of these Kingdoms, and who were not his Majesty's natural-born Subjects; although the Service on which they were then employed might very justly have excused his Majesty from it.

It is impossible, after this, to doubt of his Majesty's sincere Desire to do every thing which the Law of Nations can require between Powers engaged in War with each other, even beyond what is usually practised: But as to what relates to his Majesty's own Subjects, neither

the Law of Nations, the Cartels, nor the Practice or Example of any Country, authorize any foreign Power at War with his Majesty to intrude themselves, or to make any Demand from his Majesty relating thereto. The most Christian King knows too well himself the Right inherent in every Sovereign, to imagine that his Majesty can think otherwise.

I cannot conceal from your Excellency his Majesty's Surprise, to see that the Embassador of a Power so strictly united with him, and so essentially interested in every thing that concerns the Honour and Security of his Majesty's Person and Government, could charge himself with transmitting to his Majesty so unheard of a Demand. And I am very sorry, Sir, to be obliged to acquaint you that his Majesty could not avoid complaining of it to their High Mightinesses the States General, your Masters. I have the Honour to be, &c.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

We hear that since a few *refactory Lads* have been *provided* for, the Divisions in *W——r School* are so greatly *disproportioned*, that it will hardly be thought adviseable to make any more before the next *Breaking-up*.

Within these few Days 14 Pieces of Cannon, with Powder, Ball, &c. have been ship'd from Woolwich for Flanders; and last Tuesday two Companies belonging to the Train receiv'd Orders to imbark immediately.

Last Tuesday Morning Colonel Johnston's Regiment, which had been quartered for some time past at Hampstead, Highgate, &c. began their March to Gravesend, in order to embark for Flanders.

His Excellency the Earl of Chesterfield, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, will soon embark for Holland as Embassador Extraordinary to the States General, on Affairs of great Importance.

From the St. James's Evening Post, June 19.

Philadelphia, April 10. Capt. Howell was arrived at New York from Statia, who reports, that on the 3d of March he fell in with a Fleet of 40 Sail of French Vessels, two of which were Flags, all standing Eastward, and that a Signal was made for one of the Ships to give him Chace, which was accordingly done, but he being to Windward with great Difficulty got clear.

LONDON, *June* 19.

We are assured the Eltham Man of War, now lying at Shields, has received Orders to sail directly for Scotland, to join Commodore Smith's Fleet at the Western Isles.

The Fleet bound for Cape Breton, continue Windbound at St. Helens; on board of which, it's computed, there are upwards of 20,000 Men.

There is an Account that the William Privateer, Capt. Richards, of New-York, and the Privateer of Boston commanded by Capt. Bass, have taken a large Ship coming from Martinico with 1300 Hogsheads of Sugar on board, and sent her to Antigua.

We have Advice by the Commander of a British Vessel, who was taken, and since escaped from Bourdeaux, and got into a Port in Ireland, that the French were fitting out at that Place five Privateers of great Force, which would be ready to put to Sea in a very short Time.

The 16th Instant was sent into Bristol, by the Fox Privateer, Capt. Combes, the Duke of Argyle, late of that Port, bound from Brest to Bourdeaux with 150 Hogsheads of Tobacco; and the La Maria Joseph, Capt. La Morne, from Brest, bound to Bayonne, with 30 Bales of Linnen, 47 Trusses of Tallow, 668 Hides, and 3 Casks of Cocoa. There were 25 Ships in this Fleet from Brest, under Convoy of a Man of War, bound Coast-ways, who sailed from thence the 9th Inst. but the Wind being fair would not stay for their Convoy.

The HISTORY of EUROPE,
From the WESTMINSTER JOURNAL.

While the Russians continue to increase their Numbers in Livonia, the King of Prussia again draws towards him the Attention of the different Powers, by the Motions of his Troops in Silesia. He has 40,000 Men there in Camp about Sweidnitz, and the Magazines erecting on this Occasion had such Effect as far as Vienna, that there was a Rising among the Poor on account of the Price of Bread, which was appeased only by the Presence of the Empress.

Duke Charles is at last on his Way towards the Rhine, and the Imperial Troops are to rendezvouz for him at Coblentz. Some Accounts say that he is to lead them up the Moselle, and make a Diversion on the Side of Luxemburgh, instead of proceeding himself to Brabant. However that may be, a Body of Imperialists are actually coming to Brabant with great Expedition, where the Hessians were every Moment expected.

Count Bathiani's Army has begun to be in Motion, and a Van-guard of it has already taken Post at Hoogstraten. It is generally thought, that as soon as the Reinforcements are all arrived, he will decamp entirely from Ter-Heyden, and march to give Battle to the French under Marshal Saxe. The Marshal seems apprehensive of this, and is preparing to entrench himself if there be Occasion, having at the same Time sent for all the Houshold Troops that are near him, that he may be in a Condition either to fight or avoid it.

Tho' Mons and St. Ghillain had been some Days invested, the Firing of the Besiegers was not begun when the last Advices arrived from thence. The Reason of this seems to be, that the heavy Cannon was not all come up. Another large Train is however preparing, besides that to be employed in those Sieges, which it is thought will be afterwards sent before Namur and Charleroy.

The Prospect of Baron Trenck's Affairs at Vienna grows more and more gloomy, it having been discovered, as the Letters from thence say, that he was in the Conspiracy with Prince Cantacuzeno, and that the Turkish Bashaw of Belgrade was in the Secret with them. Their Design, it seems, was to raise an Insurrection in several Provinces in Hungary. If this should be made appear, the Baron's former Services, it must be allowed, ought not to plead his Apology. But History is not always right, if it has not sometimes happened that the great Riches of a rising Subject (and the Baron is thought to have amass'd abundance within a few Years past) has not been deemed a very considerable Crime in the Aulic Council of War.

LONDON, *June* 17.

Yesterday se'nnight Lieutenant General Joshua Guest, who has lately returned from Scotland, went to Ken-

ſington Palace in a Horſe Litter, to wait on his Majeſty, where he met with a moſt gracious Reception.

The following Ships in the Hon. Eaſt India Company's Service, are arrived at Galway in Ireland, viz. the Fort St George, Capt John Acton, from Perſia and Bombay; the Dolphin, Capt John Piggot, from Fort St. George and China; and the Elizabeth (late Captain Richard Pinnell) from Bombay; who left the Porto Bello, Capt Benjamin Fiſher, from Benjar, and the Benjamin Capt Benjamin Way from Bengal, on the 15th ult. off the Banks of Newfoundland.

By the above Ships we have Advice of the Deaths of the Hon. Capt. Auguſtus Townſhend, Commander of the Auguſta, bound to China; and Capt Stephen Cobham, Commander of the Edgbaſton, bound to Mocha and Bombay.

The Jean Bapt'ſt, Captain Tropez, from Marſeilles bound to Cape Francois, is taken by the Marlborough Privateer, Capt. Clymer, and arrived ſafe at Philadelphia the ſecond of April: Her Cargo conſiſted, among other things, of 250 Hogſheads of Wine, 400 Casks of Oil, 250 Boxes of Soap, 200 ditto of Candles, Cordials, Gold Lace, Wearing Apparel, &c. and ſhe was ſoon after condemned as a lawful Prize.

The Carliſle Privateer, Capt. Owens, has taken and brought into Dover, the Mary Privateer, Bernard, belonging to Bologne, of two Carriage and 6 Swivel Guns, and 36 Men, who laſt Tueſday ſe'nnight ſent into Bologne a Veſſel from the Weſt-Indies, with ſome Rum and 200 Hogſheads of Sugar on board.

It is rumoured that a Ship was lately ſunk on the Coaſt of Scotland, which refuſed to obey the Signals of one of our Men of War.

Some Days ago Commodore Mitchel chaſed on Shore near Blackenberg a large French Cutter. She had been ſent to Scotland with Officers and Money, and had landed her Money and three of her Officers; but being order'd farther North, was met with and chaſed as above.

The Content, Cooper, from Barbadoes for London, is taken by the French.

The New-Ipſwich, Havs, from Antigua for London, is taken and carried into Bilboa.

The Somerſet, Murray, from Maryland, is alſo taken and carried into the ſame Port.

The Dorſet, Twickloe, and the Anne Galley, Swift, from Jamaica for London, are both taken and carried into Bilboa.

The three Lancaſter Ships mention'd to be taken off Scilly, are the Lowther, Beere, the Anne and Betty, Latham, and the Sowley, Pennington, with Shot, &c.

The Elizabeth and Martha, Woodward, from Barbadoes, which was mention'd to have arrived in Ireland, is taken by a Privateer belonging to St. Malo, to which Place the Captain was carried; but as there is no Mention of the Crew being there, it is hoped the Ship may be retaken.

The Hope, Roſs, from Carolina for London, is taken and carried into Bayonne.

Bank Stock 126. India Stock 173. South Sea Stock 98 1 qr.

EDINBURGH, *June* 24.

A Detachment of 500 Men has been ſent upon a certain Expedition, whoſe Return his Royal Highneſs the Duke waits, before he leave Fort Auguſtus. Lord Loudon with his Men continue in Badenoch.

His Grace the Duke of Bedford arrived at the Abbay Yeſterday from England, and this Morning at One o'Clock went on board a Ship in the Road, ready to carry his Grace to Inverneſs; which has ſailed accordingly.

A Party of Lord Mark Ker's Dragoons, who came in here on Saturday laſt, marched out this Morning to the Eaſt Country.

Yeſterday a Fire began in the Vent of a Brewer's Houſe in the Eaſt End of the Town of Dalkeith; and the Wind being Weſterly, drove the Flame on a Thatch Houſe neareſt to it, which was conſumed, with a Barn and two or three other Houſes.

Thurſday next being appointed a Day of Thanks giving for the late Victory, the *Mercury* will be publiſhed on Friday.

On Thurſday laſt, betwixt 4 and 5 in the Morning, died a natural Death, at his Lodgings in the Tolbooth of Edinburgh, the famous *James Ratcliff*, a conſummate Maſter in all the Arts of Villany, after a Confinement of ſix Years. Having been formerly condemned to be execute in the Graſs Market for Shop-lifting, he broke Priſon before the Day of Execution, went abroad, and enliſted, where happening to play at Cards with a Brother Soldier, and having gain'd all his Money, the Loſer ſent him a Chalenge, which he accepted, and killed his Antagoniſt. This Accident obliged him to return to Scotland, where he applied to his former Calling, in which he was very dexterous and ſingular, taking frequently from the Rich and diſtributing to the Poor. But after ſtrolling about for ſome Time, he was taken up and put in Priſon, (not in the leaſt uneaſy at his Situation, poſitively affirming the Hemp was not grown would hang him) where he remained very ſerviceable to the Priſoners, and a faithful Servant to the Keeper, till the Day the Caſtle deſigned to fire upon the City to diſlodge the Rebels, when he thought proper to ſcrew off all the Locks of the Jail, and ſet the Priſoners at Liberty. After a Confinement again in the Thieves Hole by the Rebels and Eſcape from thence, he was at laſt ſeized and tranſmitted to Priſon, where he lodged till he died; he was conſumptive, and ſenſible that he was decaying, regreted his former Life, and was ſeemingly penitent.——A particular Account of his Life and Adventures would be a very entertaining Nouvelle.

From the GLASGOW JOURNAL, *June* 23.

By all Accounts from the Highlands, it ſeems confirmed, that the Rebels are entirely diſperſed, and that the young Pretender, with moſt of the Heads of the Rebellion, are gone off for France.

Letters from a Perſon of Diſtinction in the Army mention Lord Lovat's being Priſoner on board the Furnace Sloop of War.

By a Letter from the Orkneys, dated May 27th, we we are informed, that ſeveral Gentlemen who were taken up there lately, are put on board a Man of War for London.

What we mentioned in our laſt relating to Dr. Cameron, Lochiel's Brother being brought Priſoner to the

Caſtle of Dumbarton, proves a Miſtake, it being another Gentleman of the ſame Name.

We hear that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland is expected at Edinburgh this Week, in his Way to London.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

In the Preſs, at Edinburgh, *and ſpeedily to be publiſhed by Meſſrs,* Hamilton *and* Balfour *Bookſellers there,*

THE THIRD EDITION OF THE MEDICAL ESSAYS,

Reviſed, Corrected and Augmented by the AUTHORS, in Six Volumes, 12mo.

To be ſold, neatly bound, at the Price of One Guinea, by the Bookſellers of *London* and *Edinburgh.*

Edinburgh, May 13th, 1746.

GENTLEMEN,

AS a Proof of our approving your Deſign of publiſhing the Third Edition *of the* Edinburgh Medical Eſſays, *in a ſmaller Form and at a lower Price than the former ones, We ſend you the Amendments which we deſire to be made. We expect that you will not copy the Compend Writer, by inſerting the Miſtakes which had been made in the firſt Edition of Vols.* I. II. III. *and* IV. *but were corrected in the ſecond Edition; and that you will not omit ſo many neceſſary Paſſages, as he has done, but that you will give the entire Book to the Publick, with the Corrections only which you receive from us,*

THE AUTHORS.

To Meſſrs. Hamilton *and* Balfour *Bookſellers in* Edinburgh.

To be SOLD in Wholeſale or Retail, at very reaſonable Rates, by ALEXANDER BROWN, *at his Houſe the third Story in the New Land oppoſite to the Croſs, entring by Craig's Cloſe, the Scale ſtair, on the Right Hand.*

A large Aſſortment of very fine GREEN and BOHEA TEAS, bought of the Eaſt-India Company in May laſt.

As the above Teas are all freſh and good, free from any baſe Mixture, on Trial they will be found to ſurpaſs any ſmuggled Teas. A ſuitable Allowance will be given to Dealers, and thoſe who take a Quantity exceeding Six Pound-weight.

At the ſame Place may be had Good WEST-INDIA RUM of different Sorts, in Cask or Bottles, at very reaſonable Rates.

† Theſe are to give Notice to all Perſons indebted to the deceaſt JAMES WOOD Merchant in Edinburgh, or to KATHARINE FRIAR Spouſe to the ſaid James WOOD, and alſo deceaſt, or to either of them, and JOHN DUNSMUIR Merchant in Edinburgh in Company, that they are to make immediate Payment to the ſaid John Dunſmuir of what they are reſting, in order that the Debts owing by the Company may be diſcharged, and the Effects belonging to the Children of the ſaid James Wood ſettled: Otherwiſe the Childrens Curators have given Orders for proſecuting ſuch as do not directly pay up; and therefore 'tis hoped the Debitors will be punctual, and prevent unneceſſary Trouble and Expences to themſelves.

¶¶ The Creditors of the deceaſt RODERICK CHALMERS Painter in Edinburgh, are hereby deſired to give in to Walter Wordie Writer there, at his Houſe in the ſecond Story of Campbell's Land, Bell's Wynd, on or before the Firſt of July next, exact Notes of what is owing by the Defunct to them, with the Intereſt due thereon.

Royal Bank, Edin. 13th June 1746.

That *Allan Whiteſoord*, Eſq; having reſigned his Office of FIRST CASHIER of the ROYAL BANK of *SCOTLAND*, the Court of Directors have appointed *John Campbell* to ſucceed him therein, and that *George Innes* do ſucceed as SECOND CASHIER to the ſaid *John Campbell*: That as the Office of ACCOMPTANT of the ſaid Bank is become vacant by the Deceaſe of *William Mitchel*, the ſame is now to be executed by *William Geddes* and *James Ewart* who are appointed Accomptants in his Place. THEREFORE the Bank-Notes ſign'd by the ſaid *John Campbell* or *George Innes* Caſhiers, and by the ſaid *William Geddes* or *James Ewart* as Accomptants, are to have the ſame Currency as the Notes already iſſued, ſign'd by the former Caſhiers and Accomptants.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
JOHN GRAHAM *Secretary.*

To be expoſed to judicial Roup and Sale, upon Thurſday the 10th *Day of July next betwixt the Hours of* 2 *and* 4 *in the Afternoon by Authority of the Lords of Council and Seſſion within the Parliament or New Seſſion houſe of Edinburgh,*

The Lands, Barony and Eſtate of *CARDROSS*, Teinds, Parſonage and Vicarage of the ſame, and Superiorities and whole other Pertinents thereto belonging lying within the Pariſhes of Port and Kippen, and Shire of Perth, holding Blanch of the Crown, and yielding of free yearly Rent about 4000 l. Scots. The Rental and Articles of Roup may be ſeen in the Hands of Alexander Finlayſon one of the Depute-Clerks of Seſſion, and Clerk to the Proceſs of Sale of the ſaid Lands.

EDINBURGH: Printed for THOMAS RUDDIMAN and COMPANY, and ſold at the Printing-houſe in the Parliament-cloſe; where *Advertiſements* and *Subſcriptions* are taken in.